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July 24, 1914 1978

State board of health shall at once inform the boards of health of other cities and towns in the commonwealth where, in its judgment, milk produced by the dairy to which the permit relates would be likely to be sold or delivered for sale, and the State board of health shall also give notice of such revocation to any dealer in milk who, in the judgment of the board, would be likely to purchase milk from such dairy; and upon receipt of such notice it shall be unlawful for any dealer so notified to sell or offer for sale in this commonwealth milk from the said dairy.

- SEC. 3. After a permit has been revoked, it may be renewed in the same way in which the original permit was issued, in which case the same form of notification shall follow as is required in the issuance of the original permit.
- Sec. 4. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of this act shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars for each offence.
- Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the State board of health to enforce the provisions of section two of this act.
- Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the inspectors of milk appointed by the boards of health of cities and towns to enforce the provisions of section one, so far as relates to the milk supply of their respective cities and towns.

## Habit-Forming Drugs—Sale of. (Chap. 694, Act June 22, 1914.)

Section 1. On and after the 1st day of January, 1915, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell, furnish, give away, or deliver any opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, cannabis indica, cannabis sativa, or any preparation thereof, or any salt or compound of the said substances, except upon the written prescription or written order of a registered physician, dentist, or veterinary surgeon, bearing the name of the physician, dentist, or veterinary surgeon giving it, which prescription when filled shall show the date of each filling and shall be retained on file by the druggist filling it for a period of at least two years, and it shall not again be filled except upon the order of the prescriber, given in person or in writing. The prescription shall not be copied, except for the purpose of record by the druggist filling the same, and it shall at all times be open to inspection by the officers of the State board of health, the board of registration in pharmacy and its authorized agents, and by the police authorities and police officers of cities and towns. But the provisions of this act shall not apply to prescriptions, nor to the sale, distribution, giving away, or dispensing of preparations and remedies, if such prescriptions, preparations, or remedies do not contain more than two grains of opium or more than one-quarter of a grain of morphine, or more than onequarter of a grain of heroin, or more than one grain of codeine, or more than one-half of a grain of extract of cannabis indica, or more than one-half of a grain of extract of cannabis sativa, or any salt or compound of any of them in one fluid ounce, or, if a solid or semisolid preparation, to the avoirdupois ounce; nor to liniments, ointments, or other preparations which are prepared for external use only; nor to preparations containing any of the said substances which are sold in good faith for diarrhea or cholera or neuralgia, and which do not contain more than six grains of opium or more than three-quarters of a grain of morphine to each fluid ounce, or, if a solid or semisolid preparation, to the avoirdupois ounce; nor to Dover's powder; nor to veterinary preparations containing not over ten grains of opium or more than one grain and a quarter of morphine to each fluid ounce, or, if a solid or semisolid preparation, to the avoirdupois ounce; nor to compound medicinal tablets, pills, or powders containing not over one-twentieth of a grain of morphine or one-quarter of a grain of codeine or any of their salts, except heroin, to each pill, powder, or tablet: Provided, That such preparations, remedies, or prescriptions are sold, distributed, given away, or dispensed in good faith as medicines, and not sold for the purpose of evading the provisions of this act.

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- Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any practitioner of veterinary medicine or surgery to prescribe any of the drugs mentioned in section 1 of this act for the use of a human being, and it shall be unlawful for any physician or dentist to prescribe, sell, give away, or deliver any opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, cannabis indica, cannabis sativa, or any preparation thereof, or any salt or compound of said substance to any person known to such physician or dentist to be an habitual user of those drugs.
- SEC. 3. The provisions of this act shall not be construed to prevent any lawfully authorized practitioner of medicine or of veterinary medicine or of dentistry from prescribing, administering, or dispensing any drug that may be indicated for any patient under his care: *Provided*, That such prescribing, administering, or dispensing is not for the purpose of evading the provisions of this act: *And provided further*, That every physician, veterinarian, and dentist shall keep a record in a suitable book of the names and addresses of all patients to whom he dispenses narcotics.
- Sec. 4. Any manufacturer or jobber and any wholesale druggist and any registered pharmacist, physician, veterinarian, or dentist may sell opium, morphine, codeine, heroin, cannabis indica, cannabis sativa, or any preparation thereof, or any salt or compound of such substances to any manufacturer, jobber, wholesale druggist, registered pharmacist, physician, veterinarian, or dentist, or to any incorporated hospital; but such substances or preparations, except such as are included within the exemptions set forth in section 1, shall be sold only upon a written order duly signed by such manufacturer, jobber, wholesale druggist, pharmacist, physician, veterinarian, dentist, or superintendent of such incorporated hospital, which order shall state the article or articles ordered and the date. The said orders shall be kept on file in the laboratory, warehouse, pharmacy, or store in which they are filled by the proprietor thereof, or his successors, for a period of not less than two years from the date of delivery, and shall be at all times open to inspection by officers of the State board of health, members of the board of registration in pharmacy, or their authorized agents, and by the police authorities and police officers of cities and towns.
- Sec. 5. Any person who, for the purpose of evading or assisting in the evasion of any provision of this act, shall falsely represent that he is a physician, dentist, or veterinarian, or that he is a manufacturer, jobber, wholesale druggist, or pharmacist, or an agent or employee of an incorporated hospital, or who, not being an authorized physician, dentist, or veterinarian, makes or alters a prescription for any of the said substances, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this act.
- Sec. 6. Whoever violates any provision of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment in the house of correction or jail for a term not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
  - SEC. 7. Chapter 271 of the acts of the year 1910 is hereby repealed.

## Sausage—Sale of Adulterated Prohibited—Adulteration Defined. (Chap. 634, Act June 6, 1914.)

Section 1. For the purposes of this act, sausage or sausage meat is defined to be a comminuted meat from neat cattle, swine or veal, or a mixture of such meats, either fresh, salted, pickled or smoked, with or without added salt and spices, and cereal and the like, as provided hereinafter, and with or without the addition of edible animals fats, blood and sugar, or subsequent smoking.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of this act, sausage shall be deemed to be adulterated—First. If it contains any cereal or vegetable flour or any product thereof in excess of two per cent;

Second. If it contains any coloring matter, or any substance injurious or deleterious to health;